



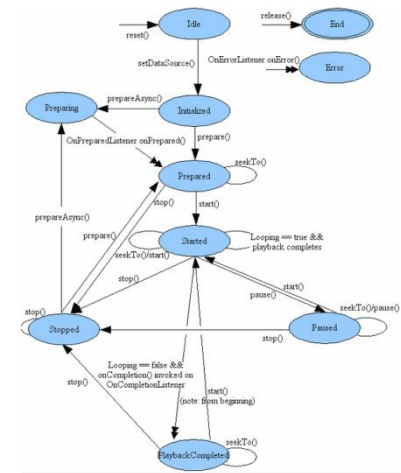
# **Android builders summit**

## **The Android media framework**

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Date: 22 April 2014

# Usage models

- Use the framework: MediaPlayer
  - [android.media.MediaPlayer](#)
  - Framework manages
    - Demuxing
    - Decoding
    - AV synchronization
    - AV rendering
- DIY: the application manages
  - Demuxing: [android.media.mediaExtractor](#)
  - Decoding: [android.media.MediaCodec](#)
  - Video rendering: [android.media.MediaCodec](#)
  - Audio rendering: [android.media.AudioTrack](#)



# MediaPlayer usage model

- The easy way: instantiate [VideoView](#)
  - Creates the MediaPlayer for you
  - Exports similar API to MediaPlayer
- The slightly more complicated way
  - Application creates [SurfaceView](#)
  - Application creates [MediaPlayer](#)
  - MediaPlayer.setSurface(surface)

# Which media players exist

- Built-in players
  - AwesomePlayer (default player selected)
  - NuPlayer (Apple HLS)
  - SonivoxPlayer (midi files)
  - testPlayer
- Extra player factories can be registered
- Every player provides same interface
  - frameworks/av/include/media/MediaPlayerInterface.h

# Architecture

JAVA

Native

Application

android.media.MediaPlayer

*frameworks/base/media/java/android/media/MediaPlayer.java*

JNI

Native MediaPlayer

*frameworks/base/media/jni/android\_media\_MediaPlayer.cpp*  
*frameworks/av/media/libmedia/mediaplayer.cpp*

Binder

MediaPlayerService

*frameworks/av/media/libmediaplayerservice/MediaPlayerService.cpp*

Media service

MediaPlayer  
Factory

*frameworks/av/media/libmediaplayerservice/MediaPlayerFactory.cpp*

creates

NuPlayer  
Driver

*frameworks/av/media/libmediaplayerservice/nuplayer/NuPlayerDriver.cpp*

StageFright  
Player

*frameworks/av/media/libmediaplayerservice/StagefrightPlayer.cpp*

instantiates

Awesome  
Player

*frameworks/av/media/libstagefright/AwesomePlayer.cpp*

# Player creation (simplified)

JAVA

Native

(1) mp = new MediaPlayer();

native\_setup(new WeakReference<MediaPlayer>(this));

sp<MediaPlayer> mp = new MediaPlayer();

Object initialization

mAudioSessionId = AudioSystem::newAudioSessionId();  
AudioSystem::acquireAudioSessionId(mAudioSessionId);

*Application*

*MediaPlayer.java*

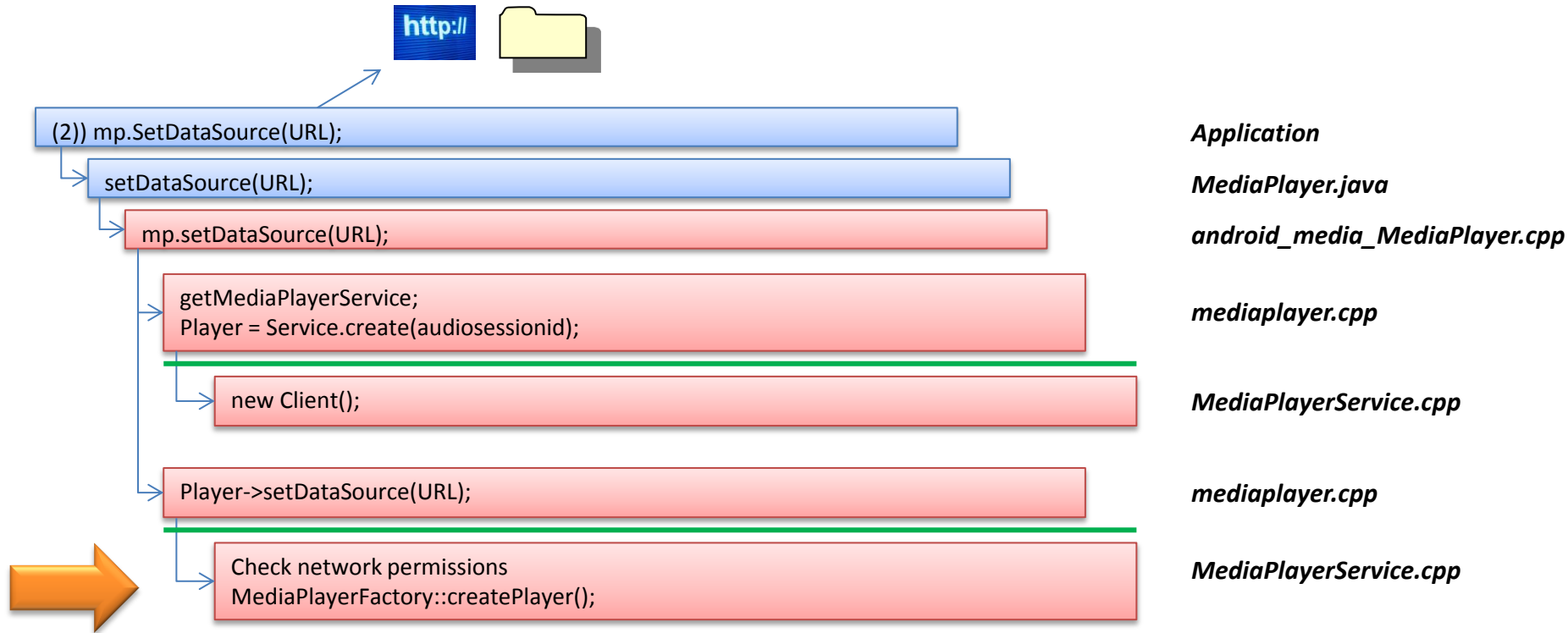
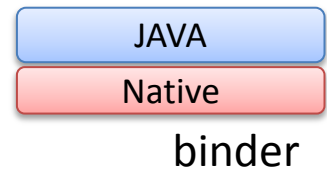
*android\_media\_MediaPlayer.cpp*

*mediaplayer.cpp*

Nothing much happened yet ...



# Player creation (simplified)



Which player handles this URL???



# Player creation factory

Default is  
StageFright

```
player_type MediaPlayerFactory::getDefaultPlayerType() {  
    char value[PROPERTY_VALUE_MAX];  
    if (property_get("media.stagefright.use-nuplayer", value, NULL)  
        && (!strcmp("1", value) || !strcasecmp("true", value))) {  
        return NU_PLAYER;  
    }  
  
    return STAGEFRIGHT_PLAYER;  
}
```

Handle these  
extensions  
only

```
class SonivoxPlayerFactory : public  
MediaPlayerFactory::IFactory {  
public:  
    virtual float scoreFactory(const sp<IMediaPlayer>& client,  
        const char* url,  
        float curScore) {  
        static const float kOurScore = 0.4;  
        static const char* const FILE_EXTS[] = { ".mid",  
            ".midi",  
            ".smf",  
            ".xmf",  
            ".mxmf",  
            ".imy",  
            ".rtttl",  
            ".rtx",  
            ".ota" };  
    }
```

Apple  
HLS

And  
RTSP

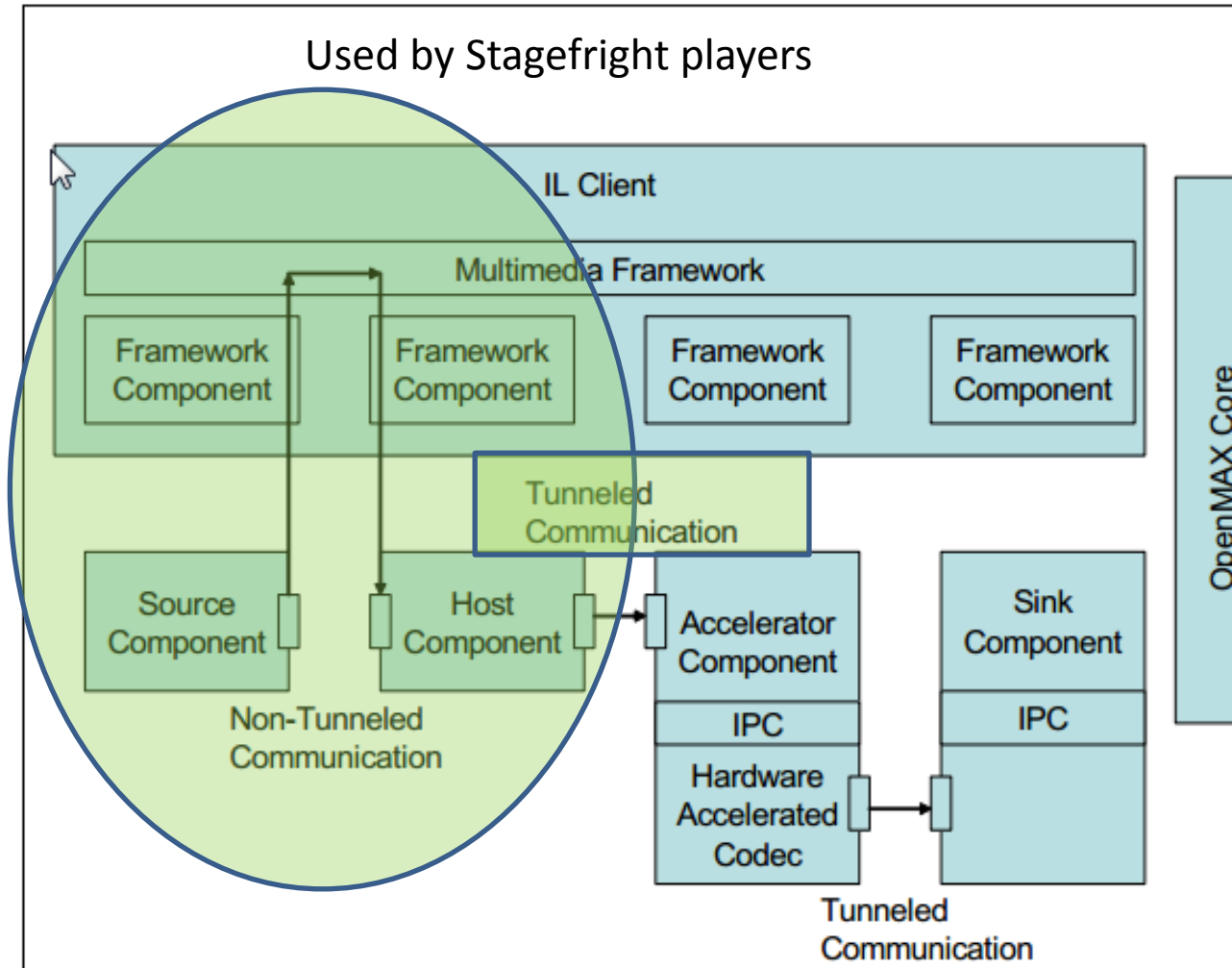
```
class NuPlayerFactory : public MediaPlayerFactory::IFactory  
{  
public:  
    virtual float scoreFactory(const sp<IMediaPlayer>& client,  
        const char* url,  
        float curScore) {  
        static const float kOurScore = 0.8;  
  
        if (kOurScore <= curScore)  
            return 0.0;  
  
        if (!strcasecmp("http://", url, 7)  
            || !strcasecmp("https://", url, 8)) {  
            size_t len = strlen(url);  
            if (len >= 5 && !strcasecmp(".m3u8", &url[len - 5])) {  
                return kOurScore;  
            }  
  
            if (strstr(url, "m3u8")) {  
                return kOurScore;  
            }  
        }  
  
        if (!strcasecmp("rtsp://", url, 7)) {  
            return kOurScore;  
        }  
  
        return 0.0;  
}
```



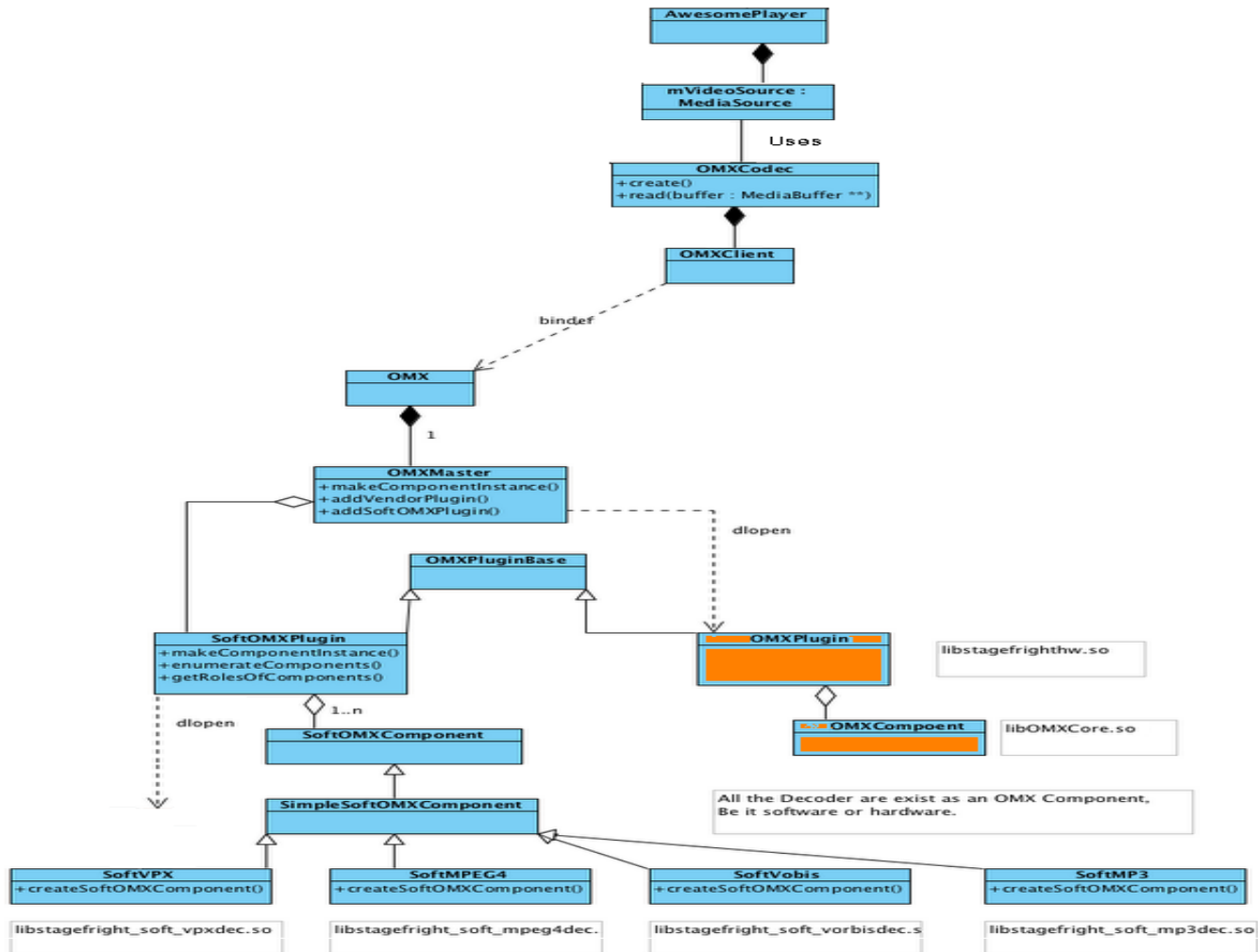
# AwesomePlayer

- Building blocks
  - OMX-IL
    - <http://www.khronos.org/openmax/il/>
    - Standardized interface for accessing streaming components
    - Google provides set of SW decoders
    - SOC suppliers provide HW accelerated decoders
  - MediaExtractors
    - *frameworks/av/media/libstagefright/*
    - Classes capable of demuxing specific container formats (MP3Extractor, MPEG4Extractor, MatroskaExtractor, ...)
    - Allow extraction of audio, video, subtitle tracks
  - Audioflinger, surfaceflinger for rendering

# OMX-IL - principles



# OMX-IL – Android integration



# OMX-IL – example config file


media\_codecs.xml

```
<MediaCodecs>
  <Decoders>
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.mp3.decoder" type="audio/mpeg" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.amrnb.decoder" type="audio/3gpp" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.amrwb.decoder" type="audio/amr-wb" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.aac.decoder" type="audio/mp4a-latm" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.g711.alaw.decoder" type="audio/g711-alaw" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.g711.mlaw.decoder" type="audio/g711-mlaw" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.vorbis.decoder" type="audio/vorbis" />

    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.mpeg4.decoder" type="video/mp4v-es" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.h263.decoder" type="video/3gpp" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.h264.decoder" type="video/avc" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.vpx.decoder" type="video/x-vnd.on2.vp8" />
  </Decoders>

  <Encoders>
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.aac.encoder" type="audio/mp4a-latm" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.amrnb.encoder" type="audio/3gpp" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.amrwb.encoder" type="audio/amr-wb" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.h263.encoder" type="video/3gpp" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.h264.encoder" type="video/avc" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.mpeg4.encoder" type="video/mp4v-es" />
    <MediaCodec name="OMX.google.flac.encoder" type="audio/flac" />
  </Encoders>
</MediaCodecs>
```

# MediaPlayer.prepare

Example 

```
mConnectingDataSource = HTTPBase::Create;  
mConnectingDataSource->connect(URL);  
mCachedSource = new NuCachedSource2();  
dataSource = mCachedSource;
```

creates a ChromiumHttpClient

Go through the cache from here onwards

*AwesomePlayer.cpp*

Wait for 192 KB of data in the cache

```
Datasource->sniff();  
extractor = MediaExtractor::Create(MIME, datasource);  
Calculate bitrate of stream through extractor  
Select first video and audio stream as default
```

Detect the MIME type of the stream  
Create the extractor

```
initVideoDecoder()  
mVideoSource = OMXCodec::Create();  
mVideoSource->start();  
initAudioDecoder();  
mAudioSource = OMXCodec::Create();  
mAudioSource->start();
```

Create and start the video decoder

Create and start the audio decoder

Continue buffering

Notify Prepared state when highwatermark is reached

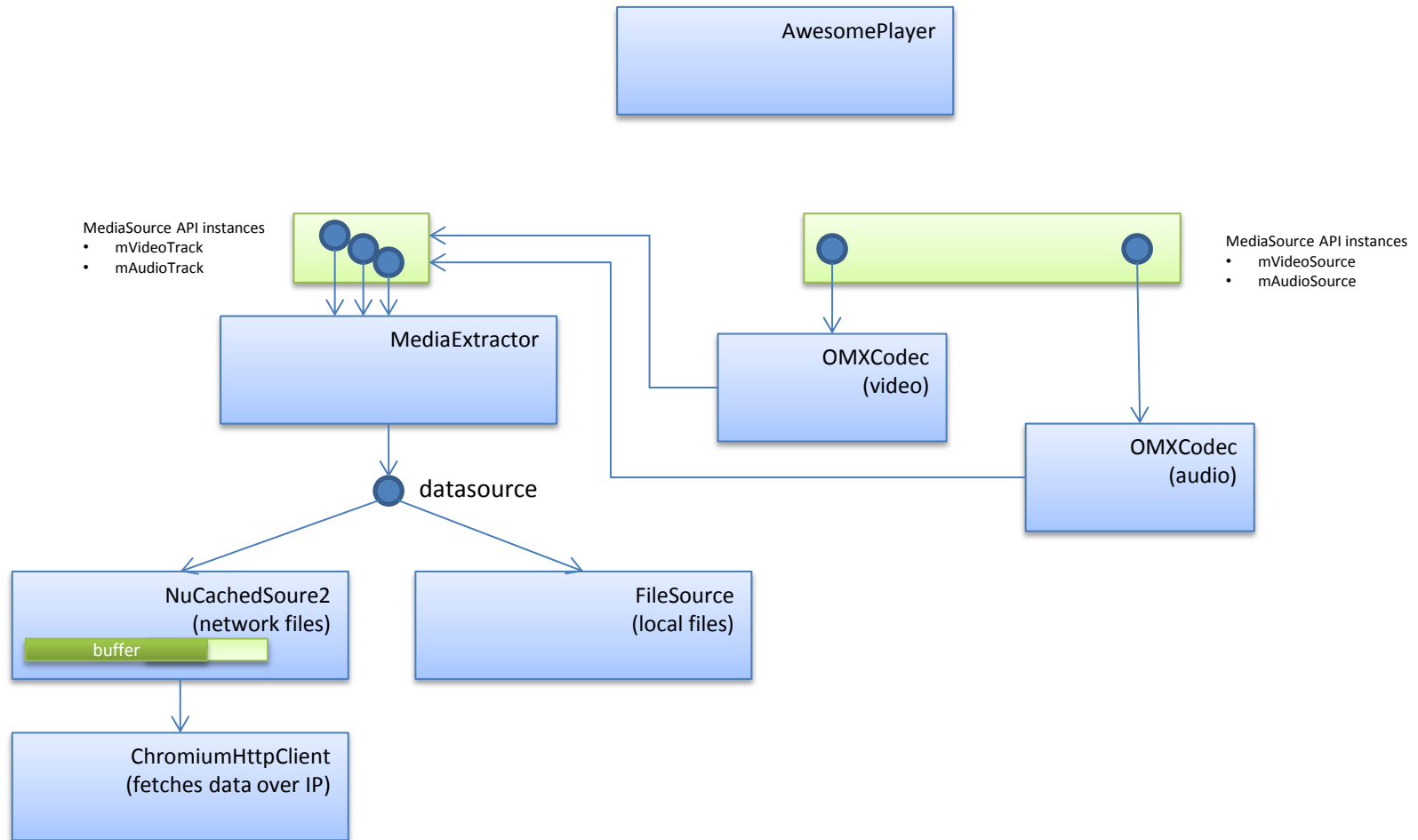
*AwesomePlayer.cpp*

Already registered

```
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffMPEG4);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffMatroska);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffOgg);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffWAV);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffFLAC);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffAMR);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffMPEG2TS);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffMP3);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffAAC);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffMPEG2PS);  
RegisterSniffer_1(SniffWVM);
```

MediaPlayer is now ready to start playback  
Decoding is not yet happening at this stage!!!

# Status after prepare



# MediaPlayer.start

```
mp.setSurface();  
mp.start();
```

Call needed to have a destination for rendering (VideoView srf)

***Application***

```
mAudioPlayer = new AudioPlayer();  
mAudioPlayer->setSource(mAudioSource);
```

```
mTimeSource = mAudioPlayer;
```

Audio track used as timing reference

```
startAudioPlayer_l();
```

Starts the audio player

```
mTextDriver->start();
```

Start subtitle player

```
initRenderer_l();
```

Initialize the rendering path (based on SW/HW codec)

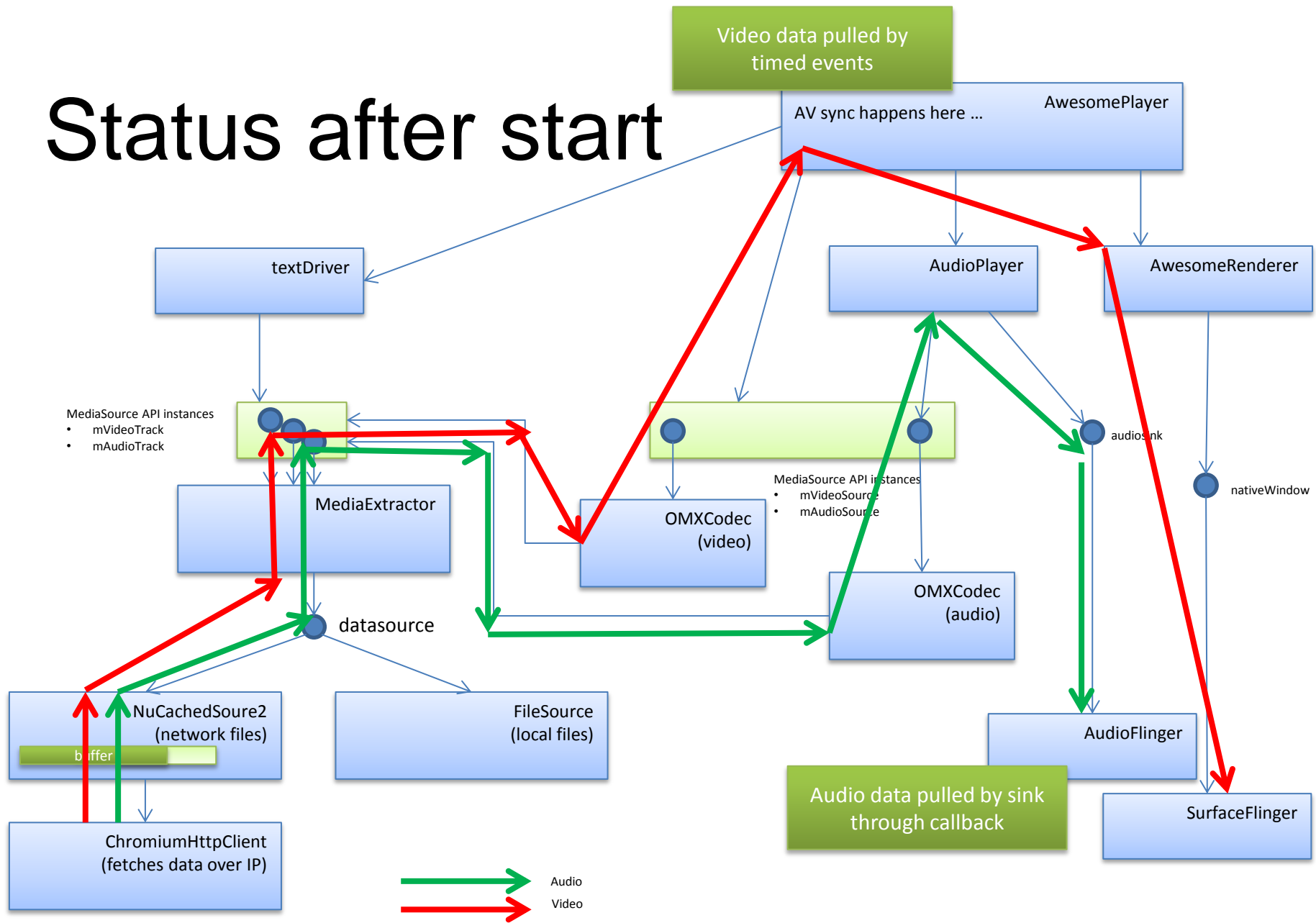
```
Start video event generation
```

loop of video events with A/V sync logic

```
Render buffers after applying AV sync logic
```

***AwesomePlayer.cpp***

# Status after start





# Track selection

- MediaPlayer. getTrackInfo
  - Returns list of tracks

Constants	
int	<a href="#">MEDIA_TRACK_TYPE_AUDIO</a>
int	<a href="#">MEDIA_TRACK_TYPE_TIMEDTEXT</a>
int	<a href="#">MEDIA_TRACK_TYPE_UNKNOWN</a>
int	<a href="#">MEDIA_TRACK_TYPE_VIDEO</a>

- MediaPlayer. selectTrack(idx)
  - Maps to MediaExtractor
  - Select audio, video or subtitle track

# Subtitle handling

- Limited formats supported
  - SRT, 3GPP
- Both embedded and external files
  - [addTimedTextSource](#) to add external file
  - MediaPlayer.getTrackInfo returns both internal and external subtitle tracks
- Player takes care of syncing to playback time
  - TimedText notifications raised at correct time

# Subtitle rendering

To render the timed text, applications need to do the following:

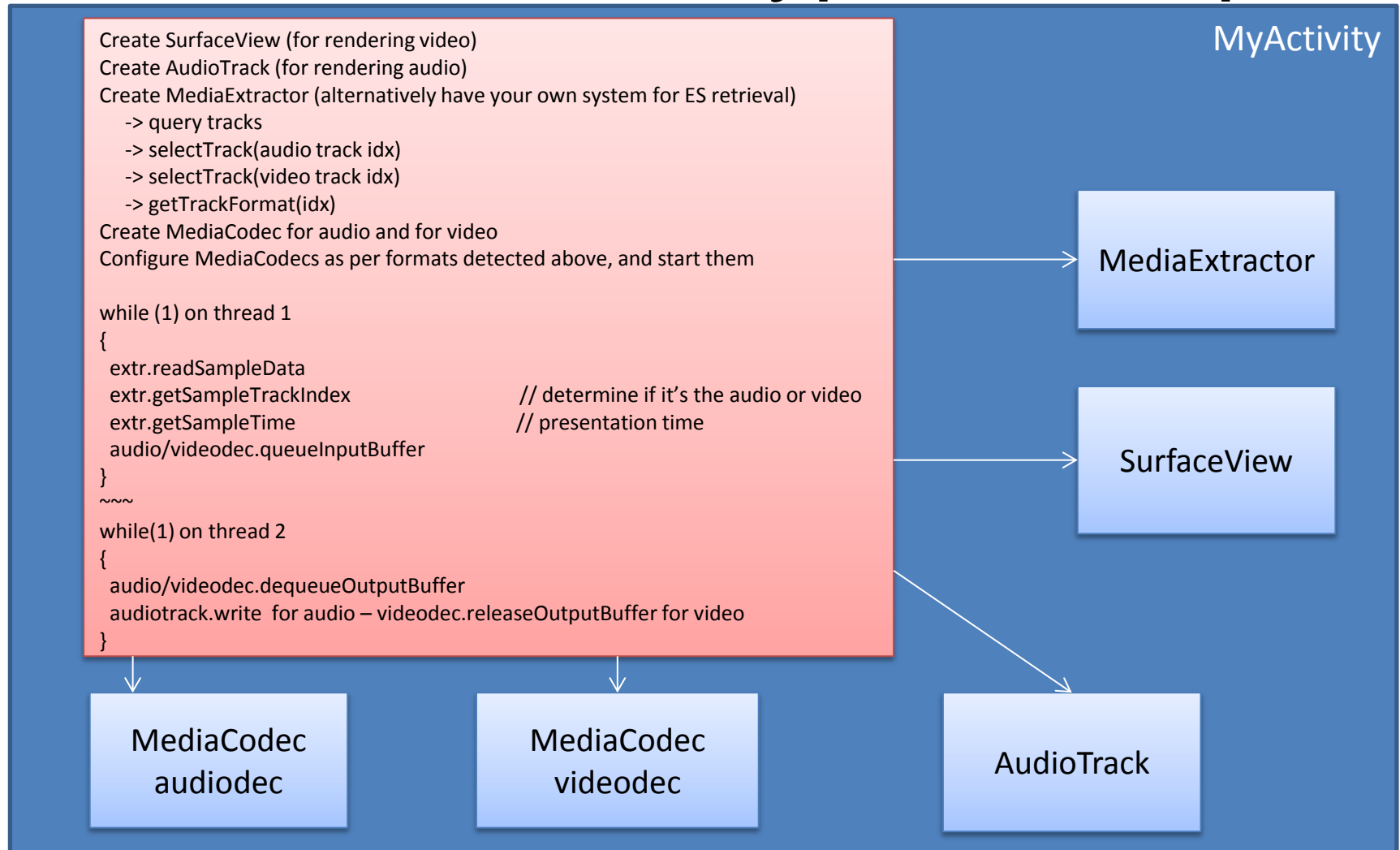
- Implement the `MediaPlayer.OnTimedTextListener` interface
- Register the `MediaPlayer.OnTimedTextListener` callback on a `MediaPlayer` object that is used for playback
- When a `onTimedText` callback is received, do the following:
  - call `getText()` to get the characters for rendering
  - call `getBounds()` to get the text rendering area/region

Simple [TextView](#) can be used to render

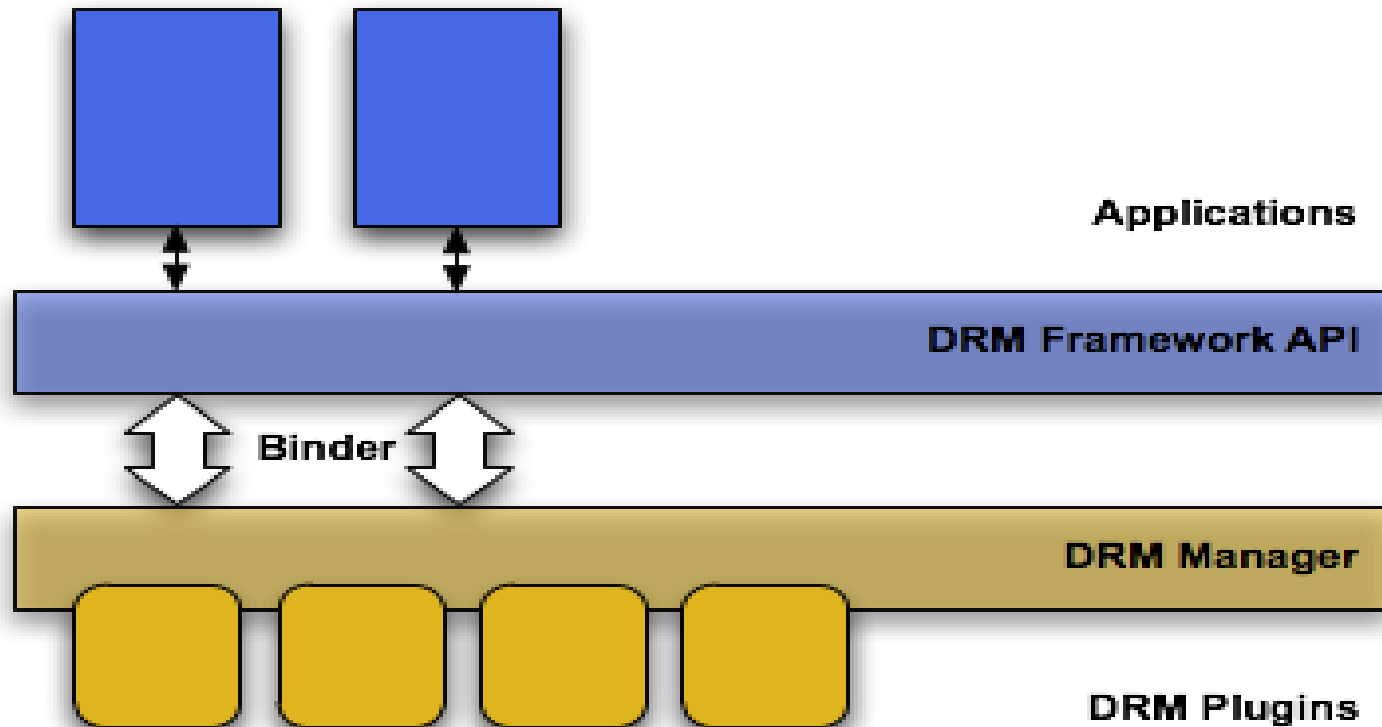
# The DIY model

- [android.media.MediaCodecList](#)
  - Returns supported formats
  - Based on config.xml file explained before
- [android.media.MediaCodec](#)
  - Is basically an abstraction of OMX-IL
  - Application juggles buffers to and from component
- Application acts as the player in this case
  - Responsible for rendering + AV sync

# The DIY model – typical setup



# Classic DRM Framework




<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/drm/package-summary.html>

# Classic DRM Framework

- The Android DRM framework is implemented in two architectural layers
  - A DRM framework API exposed to applications via Dalvik/Java.
    - Application/DRM specific handling for license acquisition, etc.
  - A native code DRM manager
    - Implements the DRM framework
    - Exposes an interface for DRM plugins (agents) to handle rights management and decryption for various DRM schemes.
- The interface for plugin developers is listed and documented in `DrmEngineBase.h`.
  - Identical to the Java DRM Framework API ([DrmManagerClient](#)).
- On the device, the DRM plugins are located in “/vendor/lib/drm” or in “/system/lib/drm”.
- DRM Plugins work with media framework for content decryption

# Prepare Redux – Classic DRM

Example 

```
mConnectingDataSource = HTTPBase::Create;  
mConnectingDataSource->connect(URL);  
mCachedSource = new NuCachedSource2();  
dataSource = mCachedSource;
```

**creates a ChromiumHttpClient**

**Go through the cache from here onwards**

*AwesomePlayer.cpp*

Wait for 192 KB of data in the cache

```
Datasource->sniff() ;  
extractor = MediaExtractor::Create(MIME, datasource);  
Calculate bitrate of stream through extractor  
Select first video and audio stream as default
```

**Detect the MIME type of the stream  
Create the extractor**

Already registered

RegisterSniffer(SniffDRM)

```
initVideoDecoder()  
mVideoSource = OMXCodec::Create();  
mVideoSource->start();  
initAudioDecoder();  
mAudioSource = OMXCodec::Create();  
mAudioSource->start();
```

**Create and start the video decoder**

**Create and start the audio decoder**

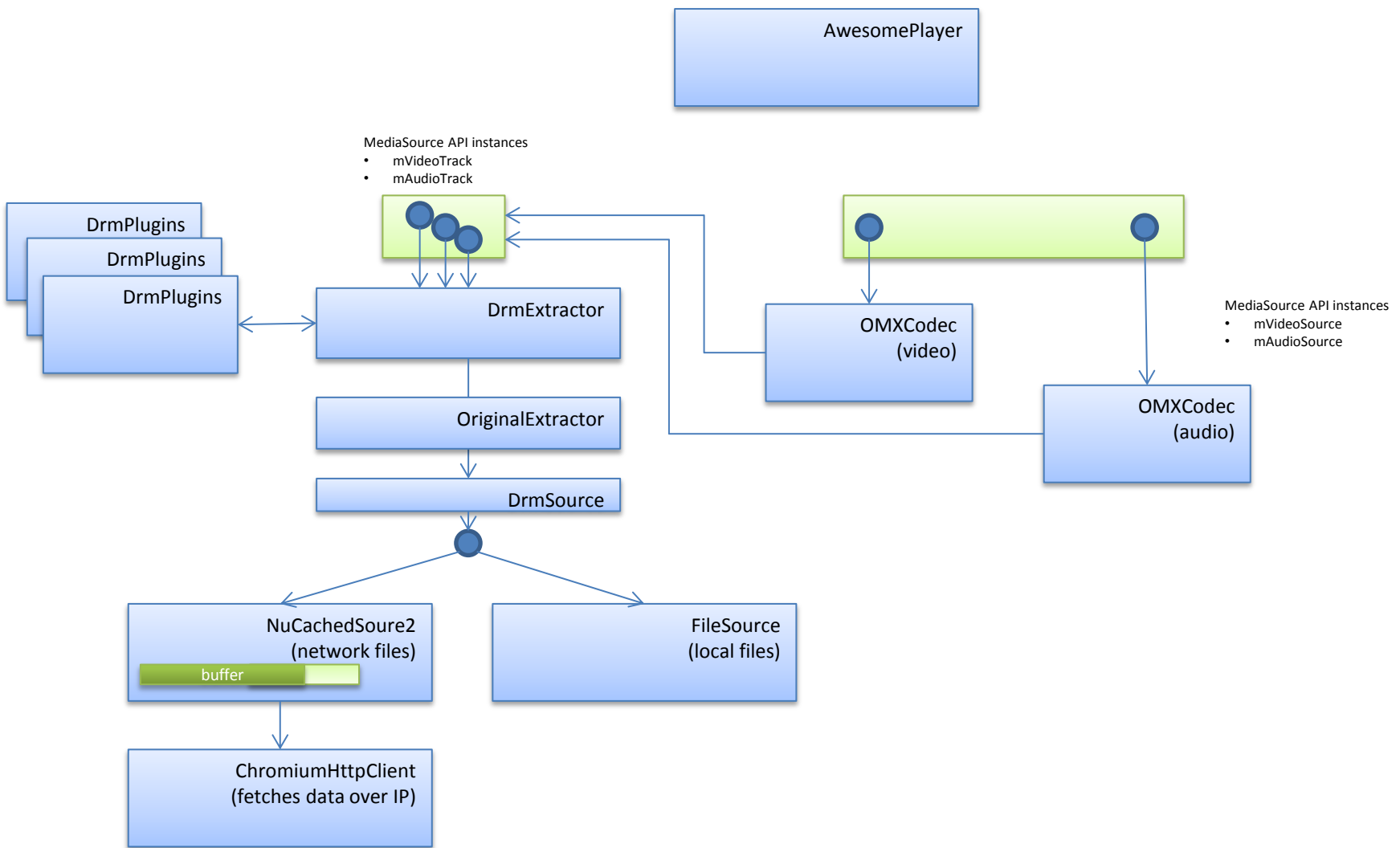
Continue buffering

**Notify Prepared state when highwatermark is reached**

There is a media extractor instance for DRM called DrmExtractor. DrmExtractor implements SniffDRM



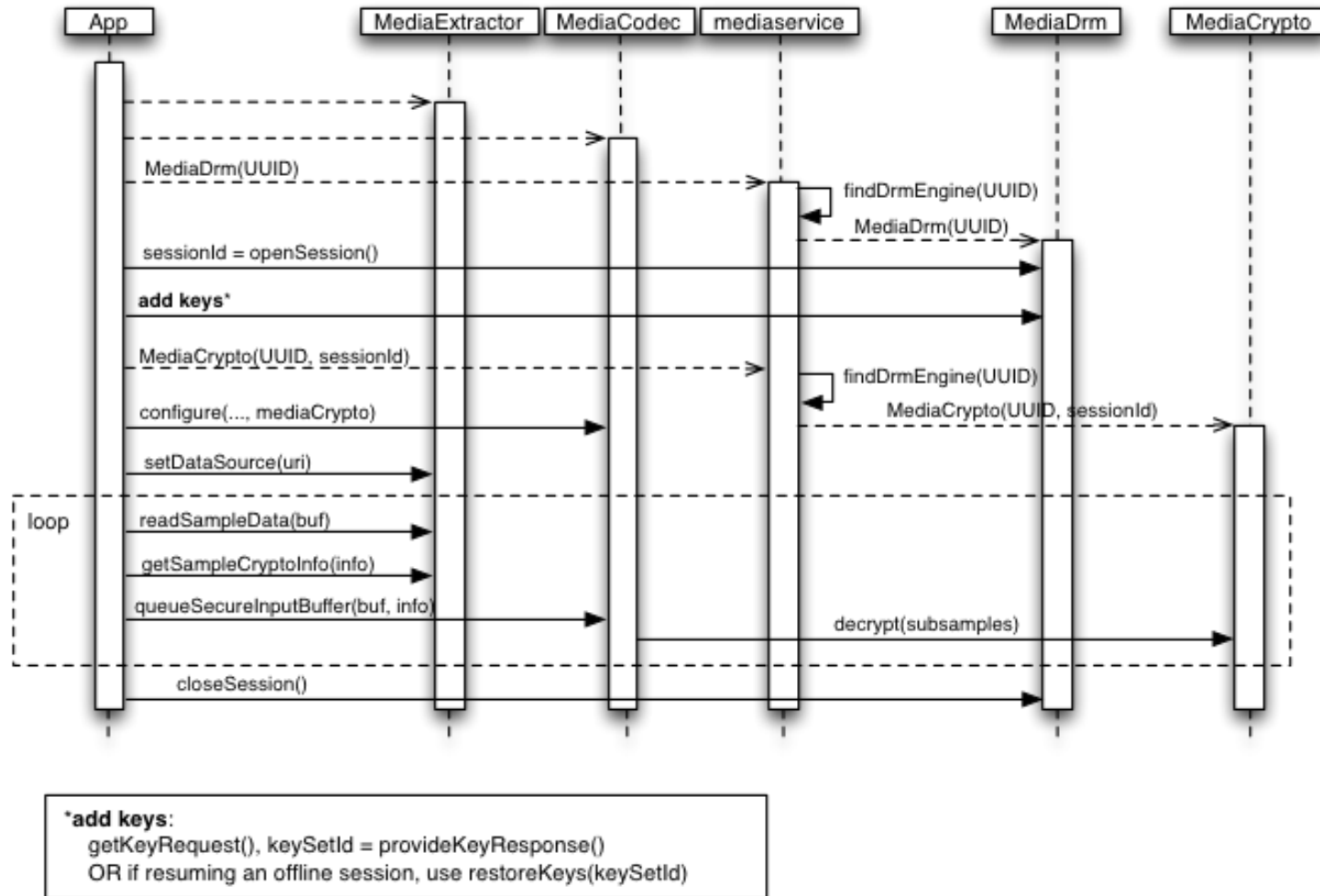
# Status after prepare – Classic DRM



# DRM with media codec

- Applications using mediacodec can also use DRM
  - Example: MPEG DASH CENC
  - Using MediaCrypto and MediaDRM
- MediaDRM provides application API to
  - Provision DRM clients
  - Generate DRM/content specific challenges
  - Download licenses/keys
  - Generate a session ID that can be used to create media crypto objects
- MediaCrypto object obtained from MediaDRM can then be used with mediacodec
  - Submit to media codec using  
**public final void queueSecureInputBuffer (int index, int offset,  
[MediaCodec.CryptoInfo](#) info, long presentationTimeUs, int flags)**
- Internally uses a plugin framework
  - Not the same plugins as used in classic DRM !
  - Different set of plugins with different API

# DRM with Mediacodec



<http://developer.android.com/reference/android/media/MediaDrm.html>



# Media framework changes

- Audio track selection improvements
  - Improve runtime audio track changes
- Trickmodes
  - Android only supports Seek
  - I-Frame based trickmodes, DLNA compliancy (x1/2, x1/4)
- Adaptive streaming added (DASH, ...)
- Subtitle gaps
  - Add SAMI, SUB, external TTML, ...
- DRM extensions
  - PlayReady, WMDRM, Marlin

# TV inputs

Extra player taking care of TV inputs (tuner, extensions)

```
class TvPlayerFactory :public MediaPlayerFactory::IFactory {
public:
    virtual float scoreFactory(const sp<IMediaPlayer>& client,
                              const char* url,
                              float curScore)
    {
        static const float kOurScore = 2.0;

        if (kOurScore < curScore)
            return 0.0;

        if (!strncasecmp("tv://", url, 5))
        {
            return kOurScore;
        }
        return 0.0;
    }

    virtual sp<MediaPlayerBase> createPlayer() {
        ALOGV(" create TvPlayerBase");
        return new TvPlayerBase();
    }
};
```

